

NC STATE UNIVERSITY

Criterion for Wetland Hydrology: Effects of Growing Season

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Need to Assess Wetland Hydrology

- Plants and soils are good integrators and reliable indicators of wetland hydrology when the hydrology of the site has not been modified.
- For sites in which the hydrology has been modified, wetland hydrologic status must be determined independently.



Hydrologic Criterion

- 1. Water Table Depth: 30 cm (1 ft)
- 2. Period
- 3. Duration

Growing Season

5% to 12.5% of G. Season

4. Frequency

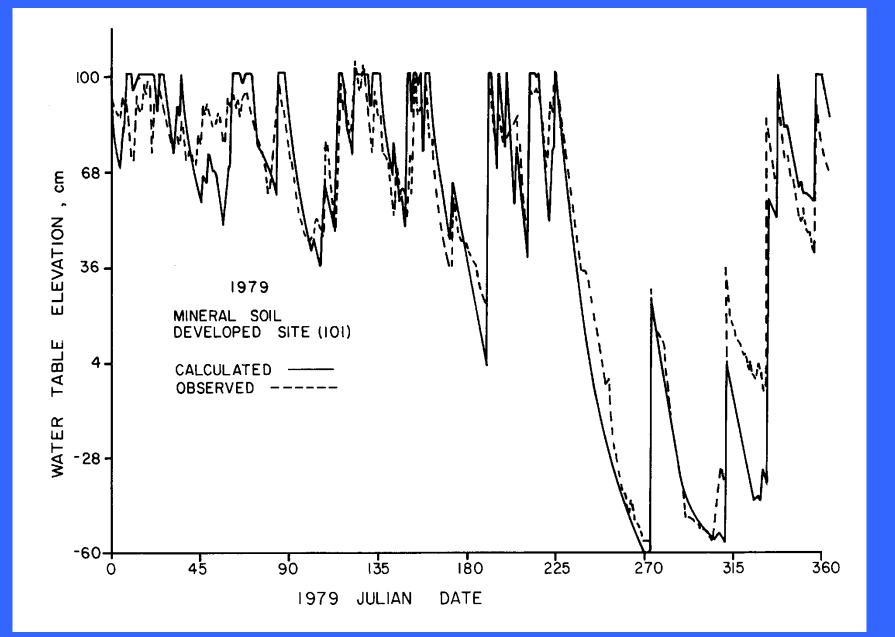
Normal: defined as occurring once in two years on average

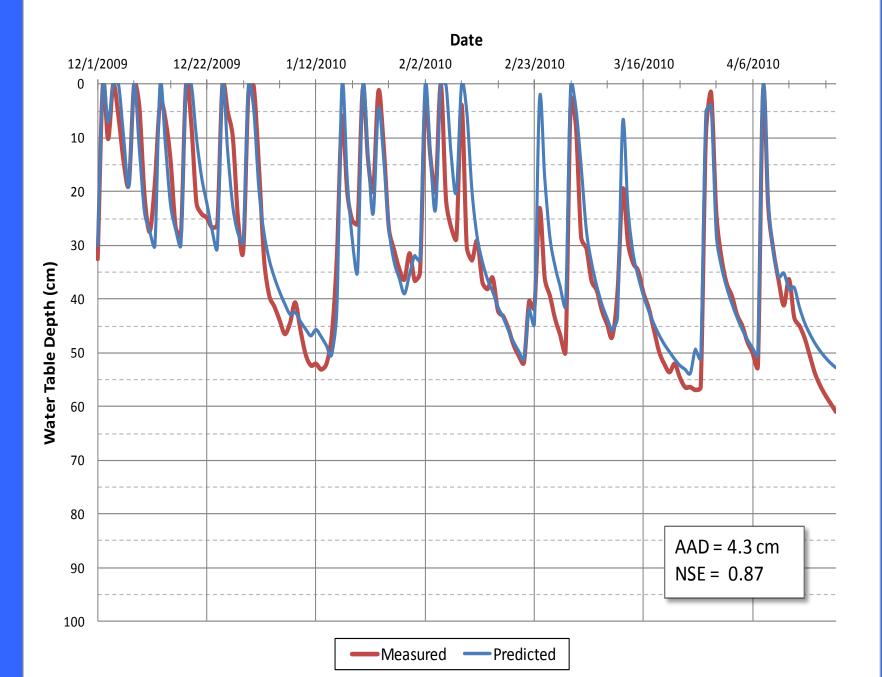
Growing Season (GS)

- The GS has been generally defined as the period between average date of last 28° F in Spring to average first date of 28° F in Fall
- New Definition of GS: 2010 Regional Supplement to COE Wetlands Delineation Manual for Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain
- Growing season defined as time when soil temperature at 30 cm depth is above 5°C.
- 365 day GS for much of the Coastal Plain
- This study was conducted to determine effect of change in methods used to define GS on Criterion for wetland hydrology.

Methods

- A simulation study was conducted to determine impact of change in GS on Wetland Hydrologic Criterion
- DRAINMOD (50 year simulations)
- Analyzed 5 Hydric Soils of NC Coastal Plain



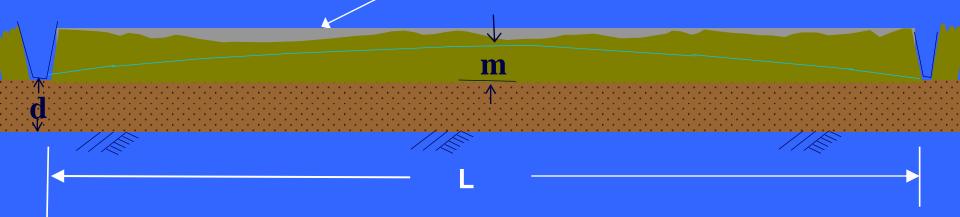


Soils Analyzed

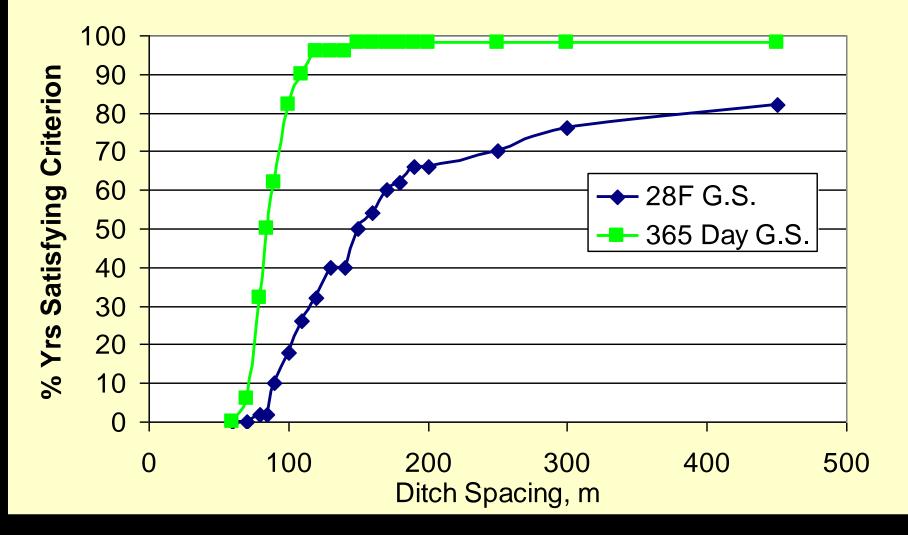
- Araphoe Is
 Coxville sl
 Portsmouth sl
- Rains sl
- Wasda muck

13 cm/h
1.3
6.5
2.5
3.7

Surface Storage = 2.5 cm

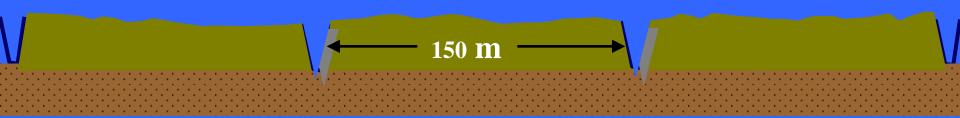


Portsmouth Sandy Loam, Plymouth, NC



Portsmouth S.L., Plymouth, NC 28F14 G.S. Criterion

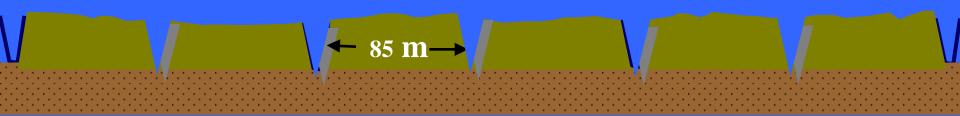
Surface Storage = 2.5 cm



Threshold Ditch Spacing = 150 m for a Portsmouth S.L. for Hydrologic Criterion of W.T. within 30 cm of surface for 14 days during G.S. based on 28° F Air Temperature.

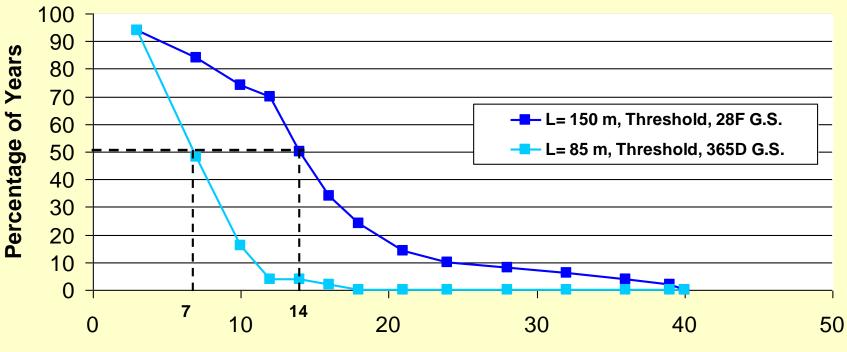
Portsmouth S.L., Plymouth, NC 365D G.S. Criterion

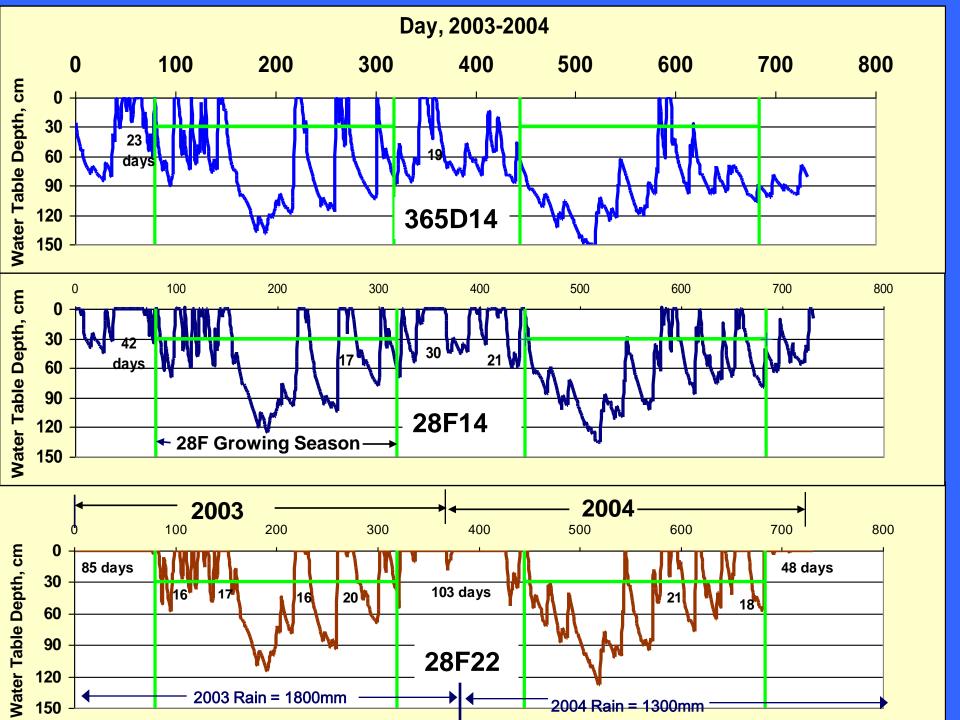
Surface Storage = 2.5 cm

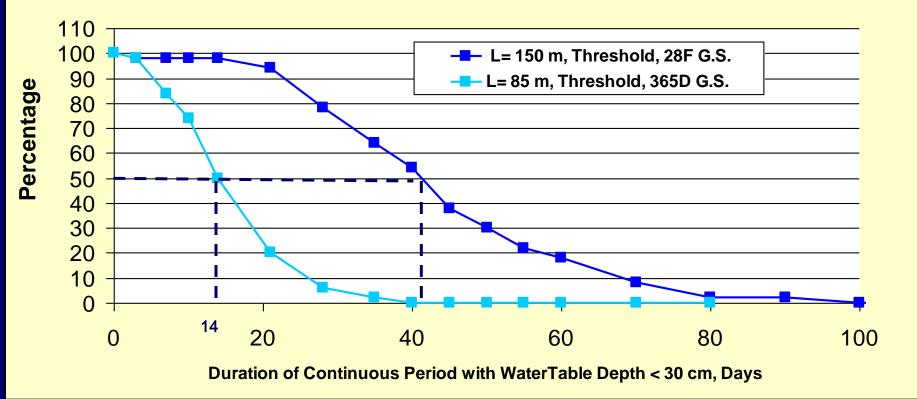


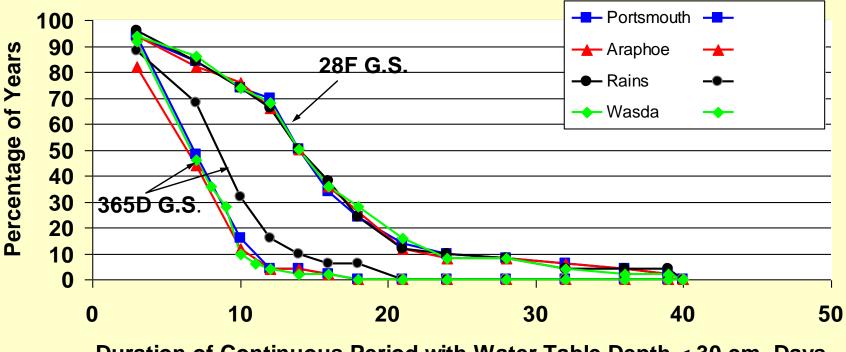
Threshold Ditch Spacing = 85 m for a Portsmouth S.L. for Hydrologic Criterion of W.T. within 30 cm of surface for 14 days during 365 day Growing Season.

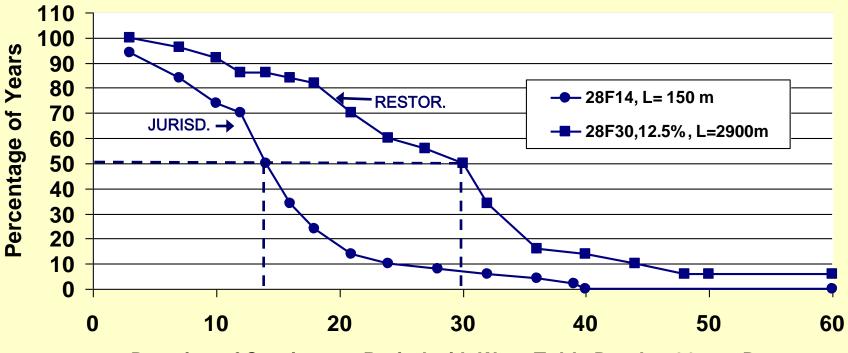
Plymouth, NC, 28F Growing Season (Mar. 21-Nov. 15)

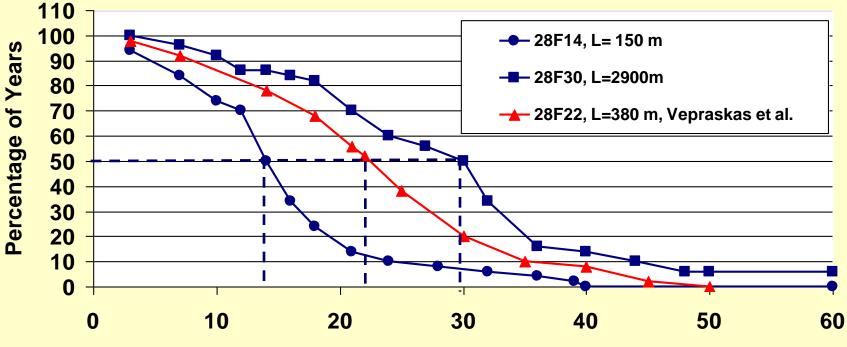


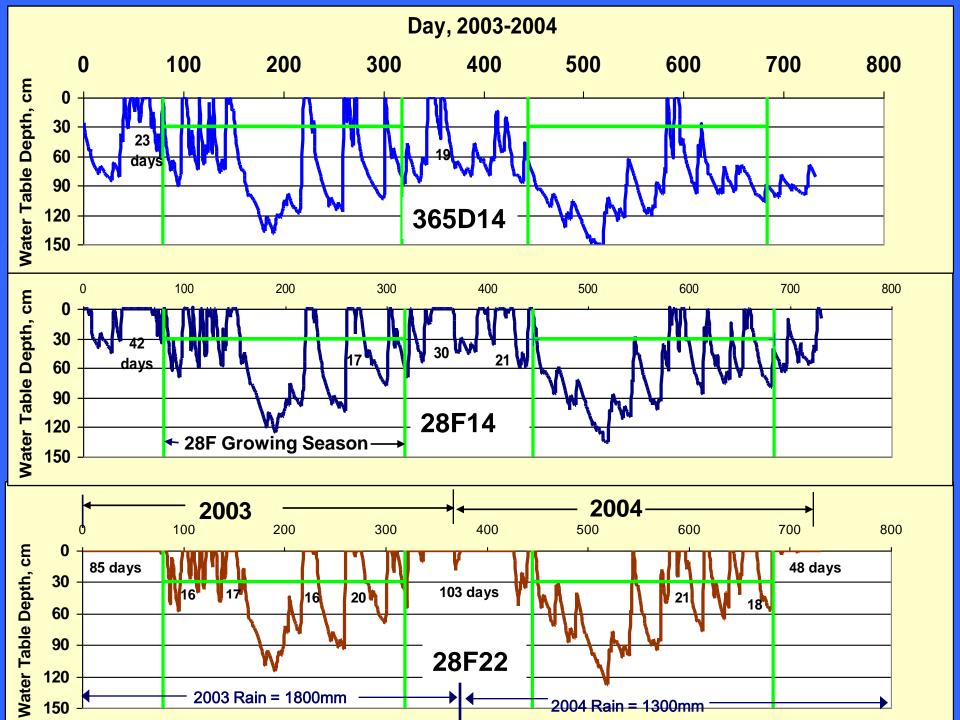


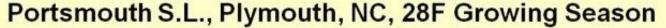


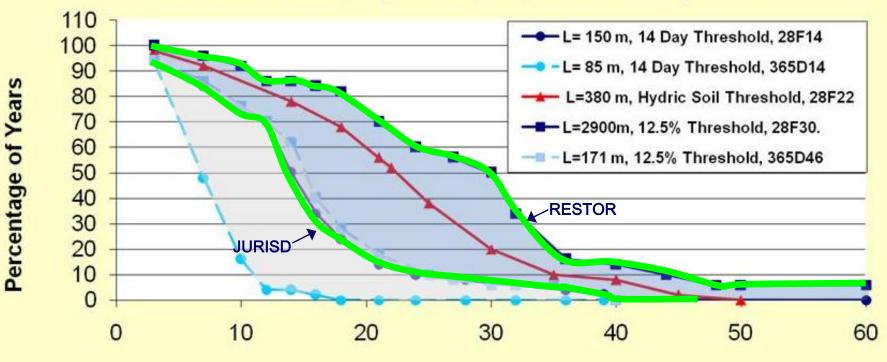




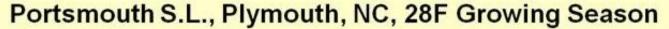


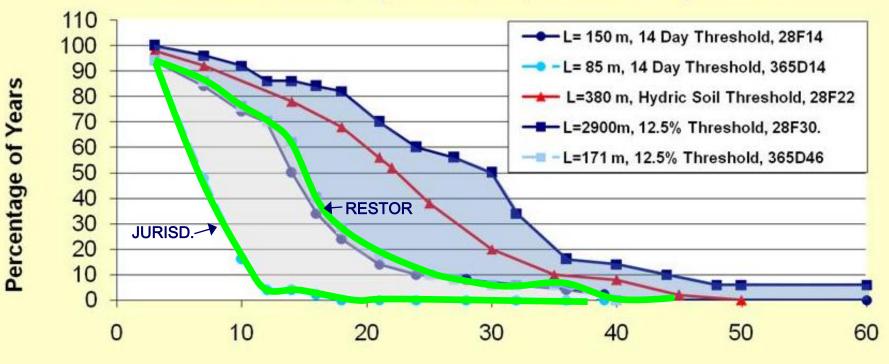






Duration of Continuous Period with WaterTable Depth < 30 cm, Days





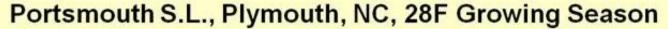
Conclusions

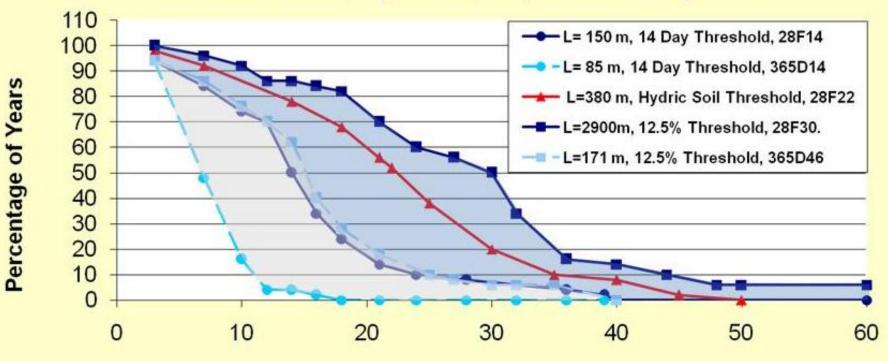
- Extending the growing season to 365 days substantially affects the wetland hydrologic criterion
- For eastern NC this change will have the same effect as reducing the duration requirement for saturation from 14 to 7 days
- The lower threshold for saturation duration in the current wetland hydrologic criterion (5% of GS or 14 days) is much less than that required to produce redoximorphic features of Hydric soils

Conclusions

- Increasing GS to 365 days would substantially reduce saturation requirements at wet end (12.5% of GS), which is typically required for restoration of prior converted wetlands
- Lateral impacts of a drainage ditch would be reduced by 42% by changing the Growing Season to 365 days.
- Additional research is needed to define scientifically valid wetland hydrologic criteria for a wide range of soils and climatological conditions.



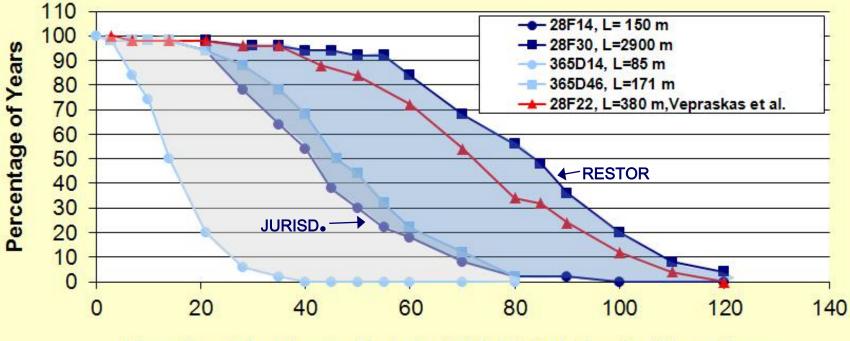


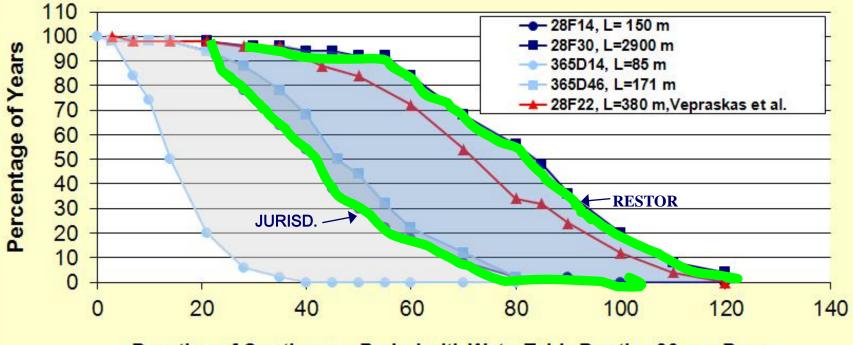


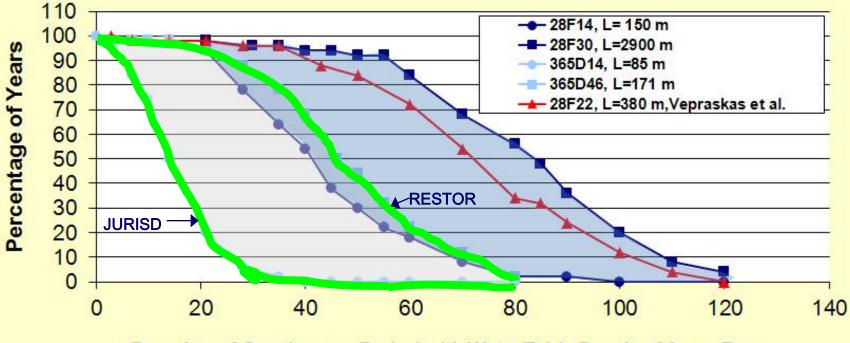
HYDROLOGIC CRITERION

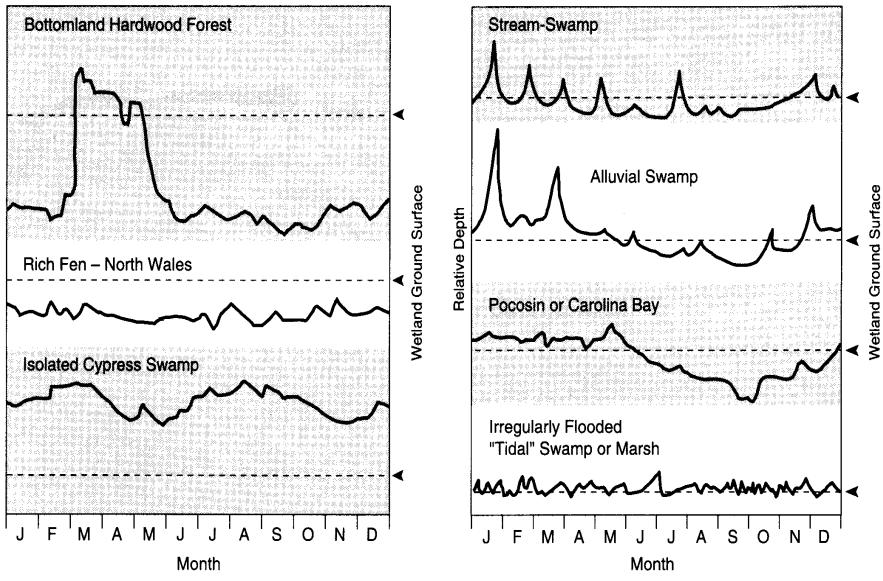
Wetland hydrology exists if, during the growing season, the water table is normally within 30 cm of the surface for a continuous period of 5% to 12.5% of the growing season.

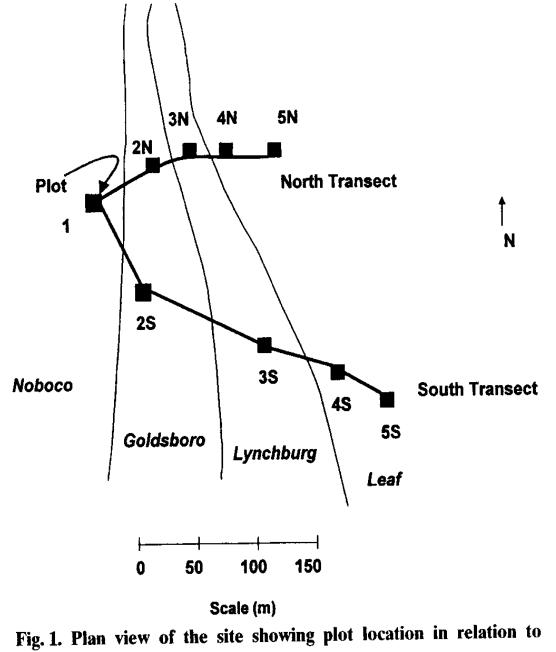
1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual



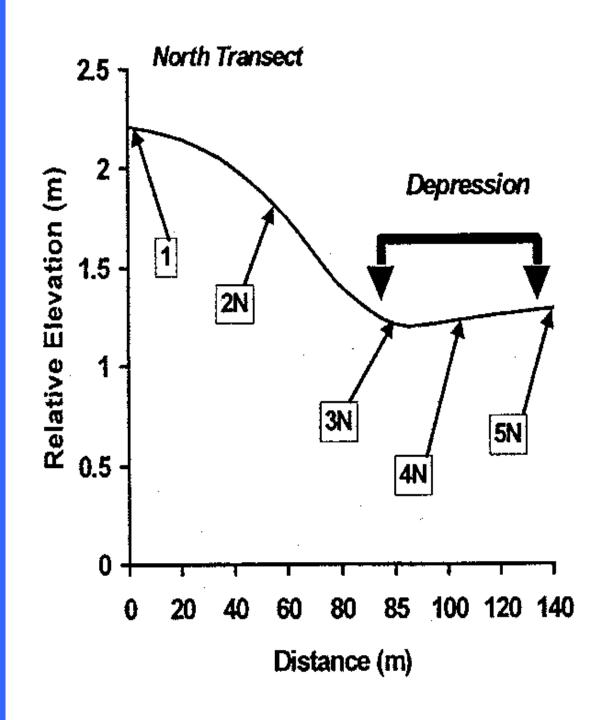






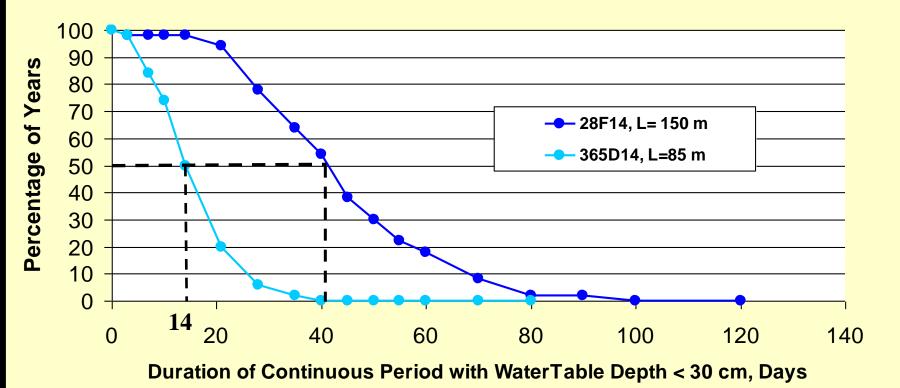


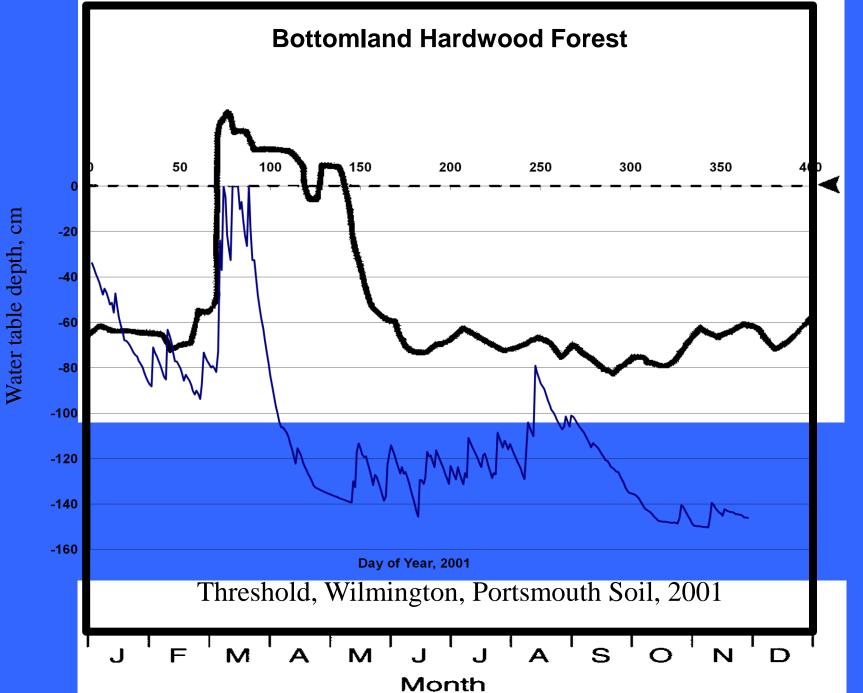
soil boundaries.



Conclusion (After Vepraskas et al., 2004)

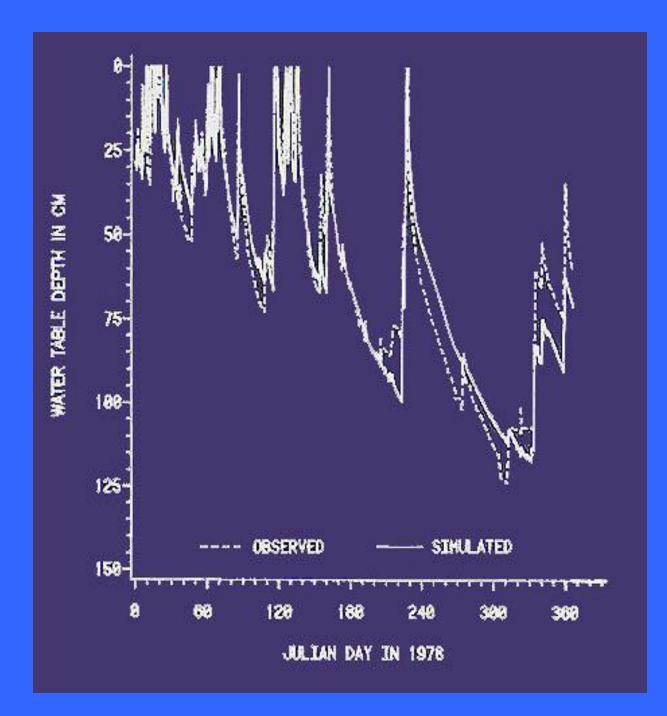
- Redoximorphic features required to satisfy field indicators for hydric soils were found in soils that were saturated for 21 days in 9 out of 10 years
- This saturation threshold is more than twice as long and nearly twice as frequent as the minimum requirements needed to meet wetland hydrology requirements.

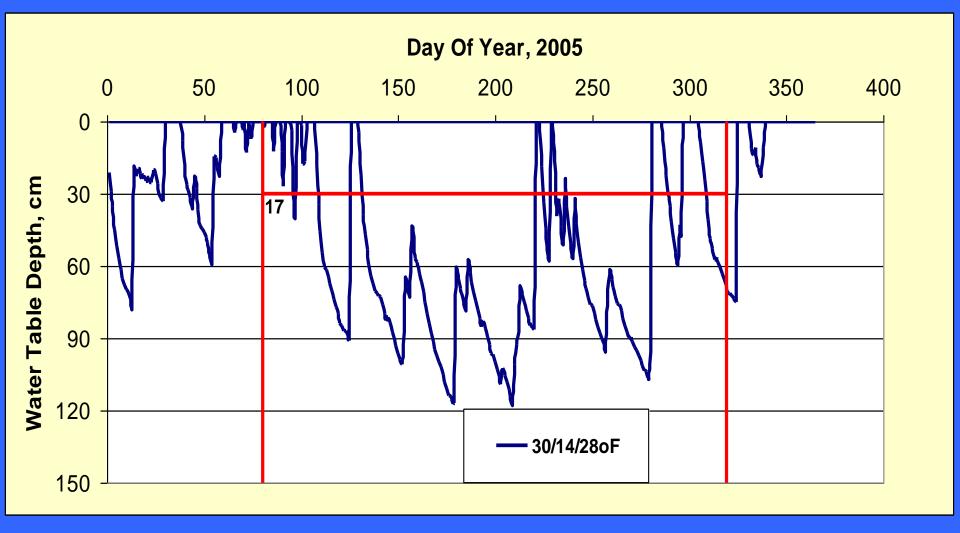




Water Table Depth, cm

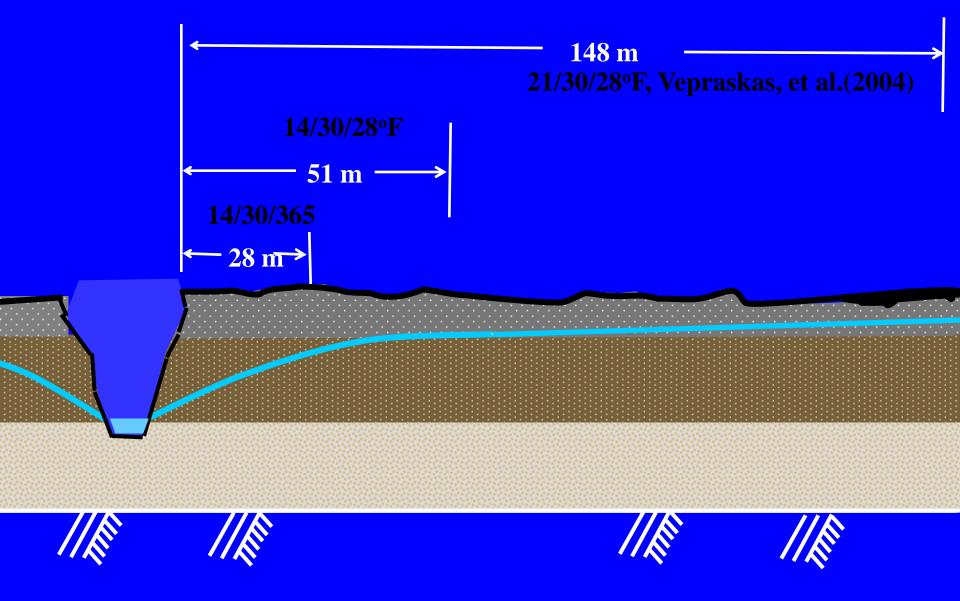
Wetland Ground Surface



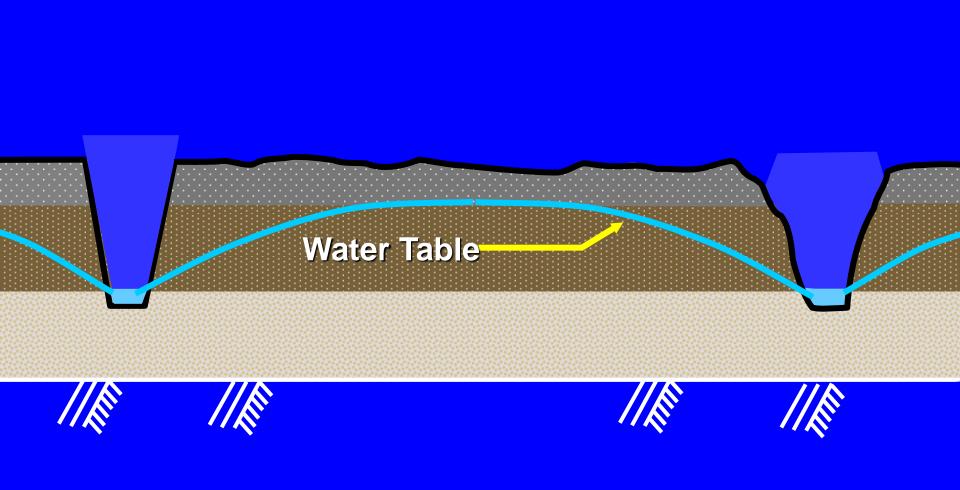


Wetlands Possess Three Essential Characteristics

- Wetland Hydrology
- Hydric Soils
- Hydrophytic Vegetation



Predicted Lateral Effect for 3 Wetland Hydrologic Criterion Portsmouth S.L., Plymouth, NC, Surface Storage = 2.5 cm

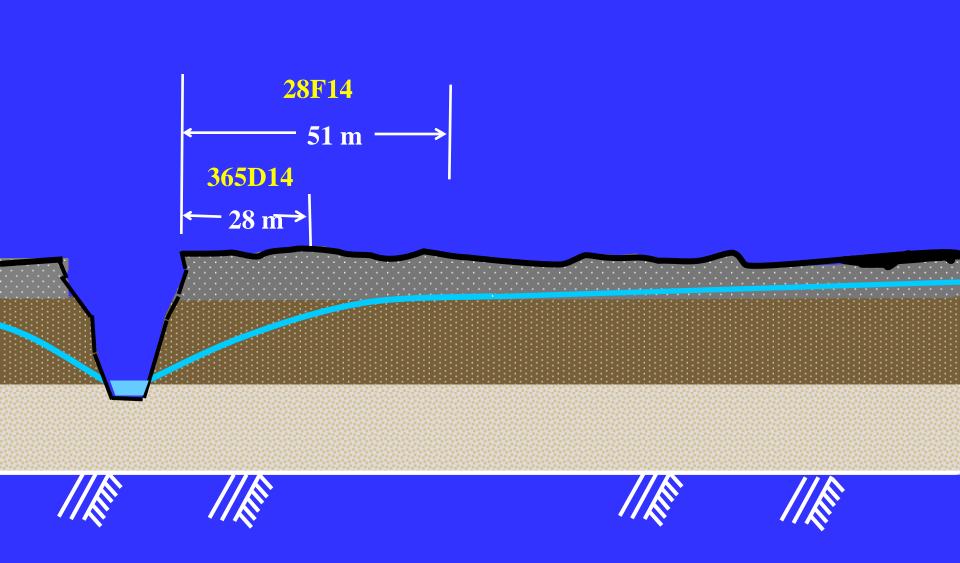


Growing Season (GS)

- The GS has been generally defined as the period between average date of last 28° F in Spring to average first date of 28° F in Fall
- It is recognized that wetland processes take place outside GS (winter months)
- Those processes are slower due to colder temperatures; above definition of GS accepted to simplify the definition (NRC, 1995)

Growing Season (cont.)

- New Definition of GS: 2010 Regional Supplement to COE Wetlands Delineation Manual for Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain
- Growing season defined as time when soil temperature at 30 cm depth is above 5°C.
- 365 day GS for much of the Coastal Plain
- This study was conducted to determine effect of change in methods used to define GS on Criterion for wetland hydrology.



Predicted Lateral Effect for 2 Wetland Hydrologic Criterion Portsmouth S.L., Plymouth, NC, Surface Storage = 2.5 cm